

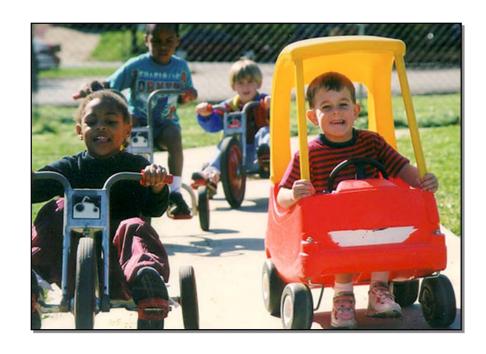
The Big Picture: Building Cross-Sector Early Childhood Professional Development Systems

Presentation at 2009 Smart Start Conference

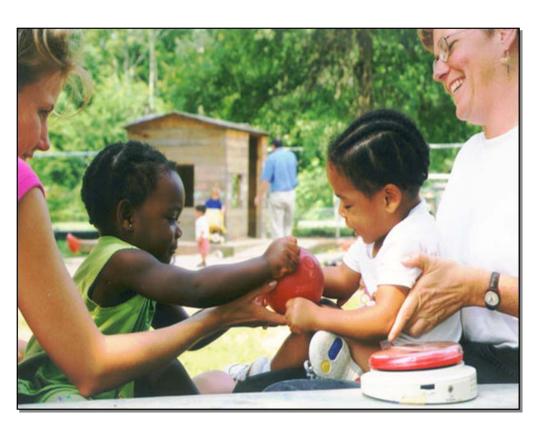
Camille Catlett & Pamela Winton
FPG Child Development Institute, UNC-Chapel Hill

Where We're Going Today

- Define terms and conceptual framework related to professional development (PD)
- Apply frameworks to your PD work at state, regional, program, classroom, and individual levels
- Identify resources to use and share with others



What is NPDCI?



The goal of NPDCI is to assist states in developing cross-sector professional development plans to increase opportunities for high quality preschool inclusion.

Terminology



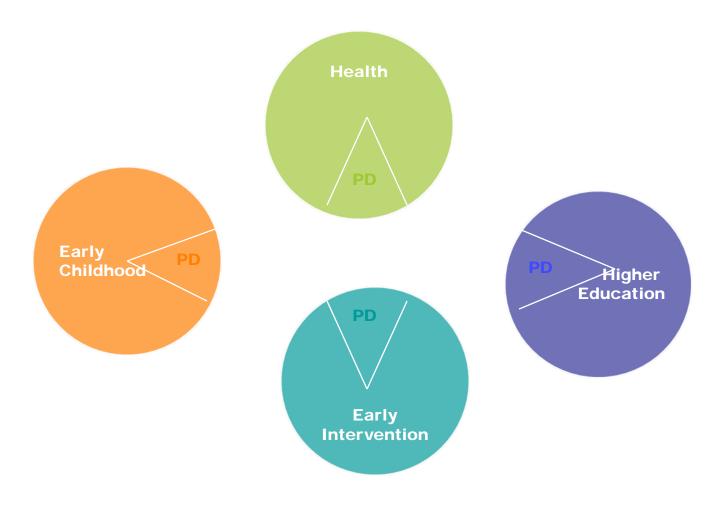
What do we mean by . . .

cross-sector collaboration?

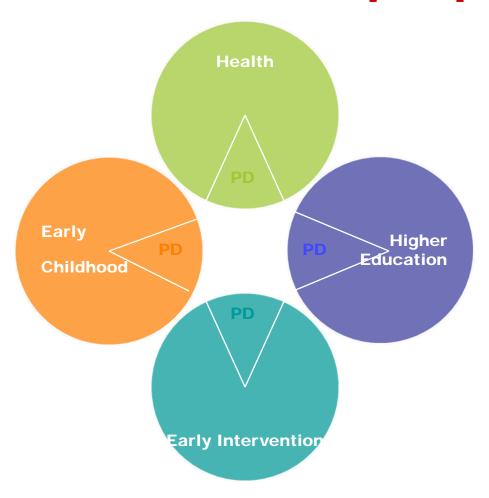
professional development?

professional development system?

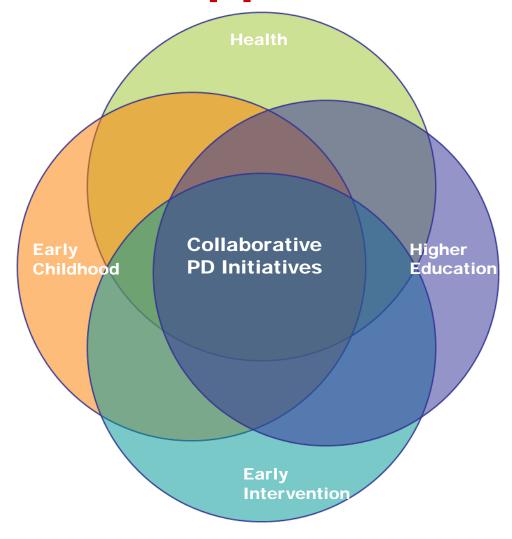
Silo Approach to PD



Limited Partnership Approach



Collaborative Approach to PD



Cross-Sector Collaboration



A commitment to work together across clearly recognizable sectors or subsystems to address a problem and achieve a goal that could not be accomplished by the organizations working individually⁸

Legislative Support for Cross-Sector Collaboration

- Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008 authorizes "state advisory councils on early childhood professional development and career systems" to "pull together all of the different stakeholders to create a coherent system"⁵
- New (2007) Head Start legislation Congress required every state to create or designate a State Advisory Council to better coordinate early education and care services⁶

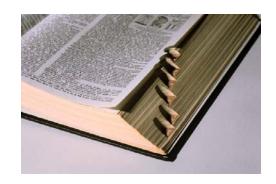
National Professional Development Center on Inclusion

Recommendations for Meaningfully Involving Families in State Planning Meetings

Individualized Supports

- Contact the Parent Training and Information Centers (PTIs), Community Parent Resource Centers (CPRCs), and any state coalition to identify possible parents to serve on state planning teams, keeping in mind factors such as having parents whose children are currently enrolled in inclusive preschools, having parents with accumulative years of experience, and having parents from diverse backgrounds.
- Develop a strategic plan to include families who have lower incomes, have diverse ethnic/racial backgrounds, and whose native language is not English.
- Define acronyms when speaking with families (or with cross-agency teams).
- Acknowledge that parents' challenges are great. They are giving up a lot to be involved with these groups.
- Allow families to define "family involvement."
- Consider the impact on families when the degrees and titles of professionals are used on nametags and on participant lists. Consider ways to "even the playing field" for parents to avoid parents perceiving themselves as "just parents" in the midst of people with professional credentials.

Professional Development



National Professional Development Center on Inclusion

Helping states achieve an integrated professional development system that supports high quality inclusion



What Do
We Mean by
Professional
Development
in the Early
Childhood Field?

Imost everyone recognizes the importance of an having effective early childhood' workdorce in programs that serve young children and families. Less clear is how to ensure that all early childhood practitioners have the essential knowledge and skills they need to be effective.

Increasingly, policy makers are turning to professional development as the solution to adequately preparing practitioners or helping them improve their instructional and intervention practices. This focus on effective practices is associated with the goal of improving child outcomes as part of the

NPDCI Definition of Professional Development

"Professional development is facilitated teaching and learning experiences that are transactional and designed to support the acquisition of professional knowledge, skills, and dispositions as well as the application of this knowledge in practice.....

Definition (continued)

The key components of professional development include:

- a) characteristics and contexts of the learners (i.e., the "who");
- b) content (i.e., the "what" of professional development); and
- c) organization and facilitation of learning experiences (i.e., the "how")."

WHO Needs Professional Development?









Discussion about the "who"

- What PD is available for those who provide PD?
- What competencies guide PD for PD providers?



WHAT Drives the Content of Professional Development?

National Boards for Professional Teaching Standards for early childhood/generalist (NBPTS)

NAEYC



State
Standards &
Licensure

Competencies and Credentials

Discussion about the "what"

What competencies, standards, guidelines provide the basis for the content of professional development activities?



HOW is PD provided? Looking at the Findings

Pair and Share activity



Reactions to Findings?



HOW is Professional Development Currently Provided?

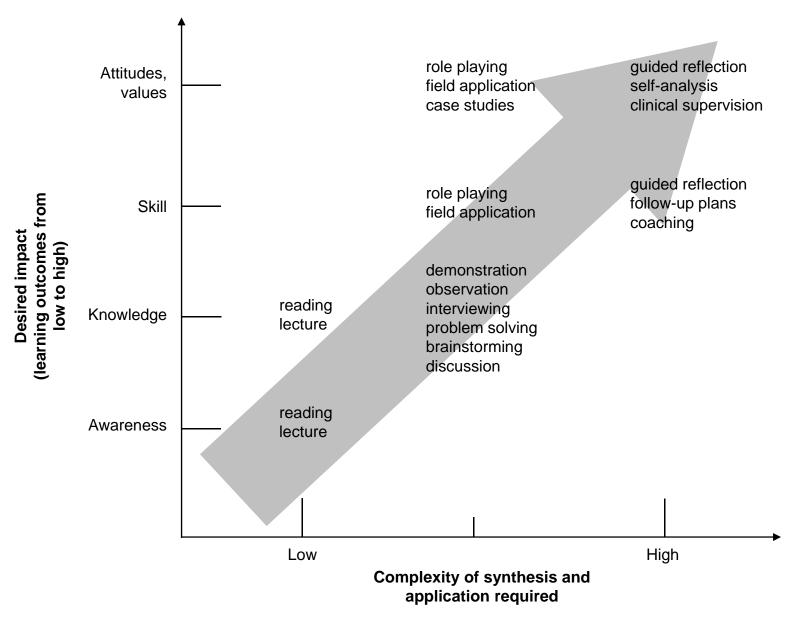
A recent survey of Part C and 619 Coordinators indicated that workshops were primary mode for delivering training and technical assistance²



Effective Professional Development ...

- ...is grounded in specific practice-focused content.
- ...is intense, sustained over time
- ...is organized around a sequenced approach to learning
- ...emphasizes application to real life situations
- ...builds on learner's current level of understanding
- ...includes guidance and feedback to the learner
- ...is aligned with instructional goals, learning standards, and curriculum materials

(Bransford, Brown, & Cocking, 1999¹; Trivette, 2005¹¹; Whitehurst, 2002¹²; Winton, 2006¹³)



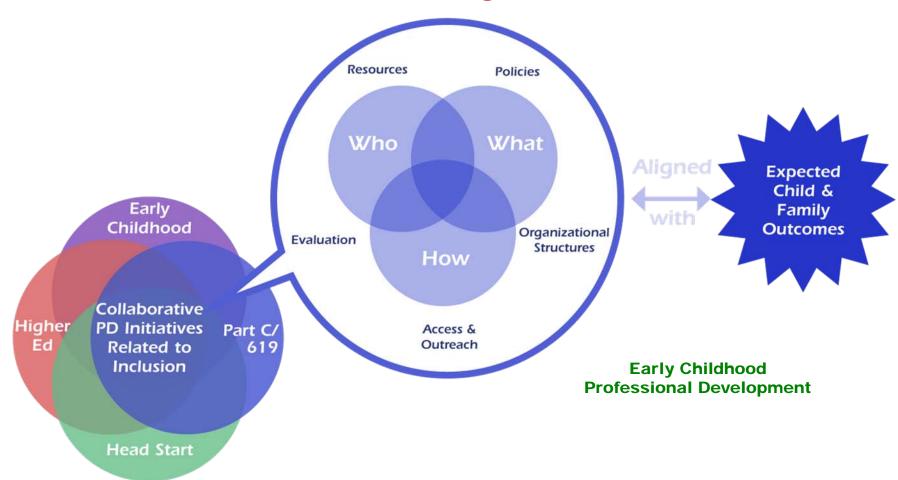
A model for matching training approach to desired training outcomes and complexity of application. (Adapted from Harris [1980].)⁴

Putting It All Together

Multiple systems and sectors



NPDCI Conceptual Framework for a PD System



The Landscape: A Statewide Survey for Providers of Professional Development in Early Childhood

National Professional Development Center on Inclusion

Helping states achieve an integrated professional development system that supports high quality inclusion



The Landscape

A Statewide Survey for Providers of Professional Development in Early Childhood

Who are the learners?

What is the content of the professional development? How do you deliver professional development activities? Key contexts and supports for professional development Respondent demographic information

Other Resources on Professional Development Systems



NAEYC – Workforce Designs: A Policy Blueprint for State Early Childhood Professional Development Systems⁷



NCCIC - Early Childhood Professional Development Systems Toolkit¹⁰

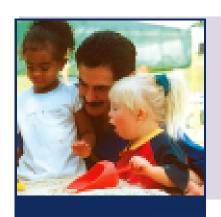
Discussion: Looking for Professional Development Systems



Does your state have a PD system? More than one?

What are some of the features of your state's PD system?

The NPDCI Approach



The Big Picture

Cross-Sector Early Childhood Professional Development Systems



Introduction

This guide offers a 7-step sequence for considering the key components and contexts of a statewide early childhood professional development (PD) system. The content of the guide stems from a definition and conceptual ironework for PD developed by the National Professional Development Center on Inclusion (National Professional Development Center on Inclusion, 2006a). The purpose of the guide is to support states in developing integrated plans and systems for cross-sector early childhood professional development. It was designed to support individuals and groups with the organization and facilitation of a sequential process.

7-Step Planning Sequence

- 1. Set the Stage
- 2. Discuss Core PD Components
- 3. Determine Key Contexts and Supports for PD
- 4. Clarify Your Vision
- 5. Identify Goals for Attaining Your Vision
- 6. Develop and Implement Your Plan
- 7. Evaluate Your Progress

Professional Development 1-2-3 Planning Guide

National Professional Development Center on Inclusion

Professional Development 1-2-3 Planning Guide

The National Professional
Development Center on Inclusion
(NPDCI) has developed a concept
paper, "What Do We Mean by
Professional Development in the Early
Childhood Field?"*, which includes a
definition and conceptual framework
for early childhood professional
development (PD), as illustrated in
Figure 1.

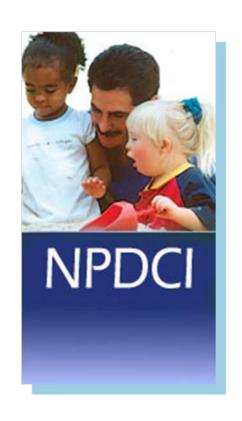
This guide offers a process through which planners can use that framework to guide PD efforts that achieve desired learner outcomes.

Figure 1. A Conceptual Framework for Frofessional Development



How Could you use These Resources in Your Work?





National Professional Development Center on Inclusion (NPDCI)

View state profiles, visions, and goals at http://community.fpg.unc.edu/npdci/state-cop

Access NPDCI resources (including The Big Picture, What Do We Mean by Professional Development in the Early Childhood Field, & The Landscape) at http://community.fpg.unc.edu/resources

Developed by the NPDCI Team (Virginia Buysse, Camille Catlett, Shelley deFosset, Jonathan Green, Tracey West, & Pam Winton) with support from Don Trull

Wiki on PD Approaches http://community.fpg.unc.edu/discussions/wiki-pd-approaches



What bubbled up for you?

What will you use?

To do what?

How?

With whom?





Coming Soon . . .



http://www.nectac.org/~meetings/inclusionmtg2009/

Thank you



- We sincerely appreciate your powerful ideas.
- Visit our community website

http://community.fpg.unc.edu/

References

- Bransford, J.D., Brown, A.L., & Cocking, R.R. (1999). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience, and school. Washington, DC: National Academy Press.
- 2. Center to Inform Personnel Preparation Policy and Practice in Early Intervention and Preschool Education. (2007). Reports on the national landscape of early intervention and early childhood special education. http://www.uconnucedd.org/per_prep_center/publications.html
- 3. Harris, B.M. (1980). *Improving staff performance through in-service education*. Needham, MA: Allyn & Bacon.
- Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008 http://www.ed.gov/policy/highered/leg/hea08/index.html
- 5. Improving Head Start for School Readiness Act of 2007 http://www.govtrack.us/congress/bill.xpd?bill=h110-1429
- 6. LeMoine, S. (2008). Workforce designs: A policy blueprint for state early childhood professional development systems. Washington, DC: National Association for the Education of Young Children. http://www.naeyc.org/policy/ecwsi/pdf/Workforce_Designs.pdf
- 7. Mattessich, P.W., Murray-Close, M., & Monsey, B.R. (2004). *Collaboration:* What makes it work: A review of research literature on factors influencing successful collaboration. (2nd ed.). St. Paul, MN: Amherst Wilder Foundation.

References (continued)

- 8. National Child Care Information and Technical Assistance Center (NCCIC). (2005). Cross-sector early childhood professional development: A technical assistance paper. Washington, DC: Author. http://nccic.acf.hhs.gov/pubs/goodstart/cross-sector.html#intro
- 9. NCCIC. (2007). Early childhood professional development systems toolkit. Washington, DC: Author. http://nccic.acf.hhs.gov/pubs/goodstart/index.html
- 10. Trivette, C. M. (2005). Effectiveness of guided design learning strategy on the acquisition of adult problem-solving skills. *Bridges, 3*(1), 1-18. Asheville, NC: Research and Training Center on Early Childhood Development, Orelena Hawks Puckett Institute.
- Whitehurst, G. J. (2002, March 5). Research of teacher preparation and professional development. Address to White House Conference on Preparing Tomorrow's Teachers. Retrieved April 26, 2005 from http://www.ed.gov/admins/tchrqual/learn/preparingteachersconference/w hitehurst.html
- 12. Winton, P. (2006). The evidence-based practice movement and its effect on knowledge utilization. In V. Buysse & P. Wesley (Eds.), *Evidence-based practice in the early childhood field* (pp. 71-115). Washington, DC: Zero to Three.