Growing, Moving and Being Healthy Resources¹

Caring for Our Children: National Health and Safety Performance Standards, Guidelines for Early Care abd Education Programs, 4th Edition (0-9)

https://nrckids.org/files/CFOC4%20pdf-%20FINAL.pdf

This publication presents guidelines and standards on health and safety for early child care and education programs. Topics covered include staffing, health promotion and protection, nutrition and food services, facilities and environmental health, play areas, children with special needs, licensing, and administration.

Developmental Delay as an Eligibility Category (0-8)

https://tinyurl.com/ydgzq2jy

The Division for Early Childhood's concept paper addresses policies and practices for using developmental delay as a category of eligibility for young children.

Developmentally Appropriate Practice (0-8)

http://www.naeyc.org/positionstatements/dap

NAEYC's 2009 position statement outlines practice that promotes young children's optimal learning and development. Three components – developmentally appropriate, culturally/linguistically appropriate, and individually appropriate practice – are addressed to support opportunities for each child to achieve his or her full potential.

The Early Achievement and Development Gap (0-9)

https://aspe.hhs.gov/system/files/pdf/180276/rb_AchievementGap.pdf

The large gap in achievement and development between children growing up in poor and low-income families and their peers in more advantaged situations continues to be a concern to parents, the public, and policymakers. This 2014 brief describes research on the achievement and development gap and what we know about how to narrow the gap.

The Foundations of Lifelong Health are Built in Early Childhood (0-9)

https://46y5eh11fhgw3ve3ytpwxt9r-wpengine.netdna-ssl.com/wp-content/uploads/2010/05/Foundations-of-Lifelong-Health.pdf

This publication presents some essential findings based on research in neuroscience, molecular biology and genomics. The authors explain the significance of these findings for decision-makers across early childhood program and health promotion and prevention policy sectors and offer a new framework for viewing early childhood policy and practice.

Highlighting the Positive Development of Minority Children (0-9)

http://www.srcd.org/sites/default/files/documents/washington/spr_brief_minority_children_2013_10_11.pdf
This two-page overview synthesizes points made in a full issue of the Social Policy Report on the development of minority children (http://www.srcd.org/sites/default/files/documents/washington/spr_272_final.pdf). The overview reminds us that many past efforts to describe the development of minority children have focused only on the most disadvantaged and on problems and challenges, reinforcing negative stereotypes and disregarding evidence on positive development.

How We Play- Cultural Determinants of Physical Activity in Young Children (0-5)

http://www.playscotland.org/wp-content/uploads/assets/HowWePlayLitReview.pdf

This literature review synthesizes the research on various socio-cultural influences on physical activity in young children at home and at school. Implications for research and policy are discussed. A summary of studies and their measurement and findings are presented as well.

National Standards of Care Toolkit for Children and Youth with Special Health Care Needs (0-9)

https://nashp.org/toolkit-national-standards-for-children-and-youth-with-special-health-care-needs/

The Toolkit is designed to assist health care professionals, insurers, caregivers, and other stakeholders to improve their understanding of the national standards and best practices for supporting children and youth with special health care needs. It includes links to an introductory video and multiple assessment tools, webinars, and publications, including the National Standards for Systems of Care for CYSHCN Fact Sheet that provides an overview of the standards and examples of how state policymakers have used them to improve systems of care.

¹ This collection was compiled and annotated by <u>Camille Catlett</u> for the Vermont Agency of Education and funded by the Vermont Race to the Top Early Learning Challenge Grant. It is current as of March 2020. <u>Highlighted resources are available in English and Spanish.</u>

Physical Activity, Self-Regulation, and Early Academic Achievement in Preschool Children (3-5)

http://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.1080/10409289.2013.780505#tabModule

This study investigated whether active play during recess was associated with self-regulation and academic achievement in a prekindergarten sample. Results indicated that higher active play was associated with better self-regulation, which in turn was associated with higher scores on early reading and math assessments.

Policies to Promote Child Health (0-9)

http://www.futureofchildren.org/sites/futureofchildren/files/media/policies_to_promote_child_health_25_full_journal.pdf
This May 2015 issue of the Future of Children reviews the strongest evidence to date on how best to promote child health
and discusses what interventions and strategies work best at various stages of children's development. It includes articles
specific to promoting child health in the early childhood years and the importance of family-centered programs and policies.

Prevention of Child Abuse in Early Childhood Programs and the Responsibilities of Early Childhood Professionals to Prevent Child Abuse http://www.naeyc.org/files/naeyc/file/positions/PSCHAB98.PDF (0-8)

This NAEYC position statement presents recommendations to prevent child abuse in early childhood programs. The paper elaborates on the role of the early childhood programs and policies related to staff screening, recruitment, retention, and promotion of partnerships with families.

Promoting the Health, Safety & Well-Being of Young Children with Disabilities & Developmental Delays (0-8) https://tinyurl.com/ybq27mtu

This 2013 position statement from the Division for Early Childhood elaborates on six recommendations for promoting the health, safety and well-being of young children with disabilities and developmental delays.

Race for Results: Building a Path to Opportunity for All Children (0-9)

http://www.aecf.org/m/resourcedoc/AECF-RaceforResults-2014.pdf

This policy report explores the intersection of kids, race and opportunity. The report features the new Race for Results Index, which compares how children are progressing on key milestones across racial and ethnic groups at the national and state levels. The index is based on 12 indicators that measure a child's success in each stage of life, from birth to adulthood. The indicators were chosen based on the goal that all children should grow up in economically successful families, live in supportive communities and meet developmental, health and educational milestones.

Young Children Develop in an Environment of Relationships: Working Paper No. 1 (0-9)

http://developingchild.harvard.edu/wp-content/uploads/2004/04/Young-Children-Develop-in-an-Environment-of-Relationships.pdf

This 2009 paper from the Center on the Developing Child at Harvard University provides a thoroughly documented overview of the many ways in which healthy development depends on the quality and reliability of a young child's relationships with the important people in his or her life, both within and outside the family.

The Youngest Americans: A Statistical Portrait of Infants and Toddlers in the US (0-3)

http://www.childtrends.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/11/MCCORMICK-FINAL.pdf

America's youngest children are the leading edge of a demographic transformation in the U.S. They herald a nation more diverse with respect to race/ethnicity, country of origin, language, and family type than at any time in our recent history. This report highlights what this transformation means in terms of development and expectations.

Safety of Vaccines Used for Routine Immunization of US Children: A Systematic Review (0-9)

http://pediatrics.aappublications.org/content/early/2014/06/26/peds.2014-1079.abstract

This study shares results from a systematic review of the literature on the safety of routine vaccines recommended for children in the United States. The new analysis showed that the hepatitis B vaccine does not appear to cause adverse effects. The research also again found no link between the MMR vaccine and autism. Furthermore, the polio vaccine was not associated with creating food allergies, as has been claimed, and absolutely no vaccine was linked with causing leukemia or death.

Systematic Review of the Relationships between Physical Activity & Health Indicators in the Early Years (0-5) https://bmcpublichealth.R.com/articles/10.1186/s12889-017-4860-0

The Journal of BMC Public Health recently released a systematic review of the literature examining the relationships between physical activity and health indicators in the early years (0-4 years) including 96 studies from 36 countries. Authors conclude that specific types of physical activity, total physical activity, and physical activity of at least moderate-to-vigorous-intensity is positively associated with multiple health indicators consistently across studies.

Evidence

Growing, Moving and Being Healthy Resources

Too Hungry to Learn: Food Insecurity and School Readiness (0-9)

http://www.childrenshealthwatch.org/publication/too-hungry-to-learn/

These research briefs by Children's HealthWatch present findings on the harmful impact of food insecurity on health, development, and academic and economic success of young children. They underscore the long term implications of early food insecurity on the US workforce as well as the cost implications for taxpayers.

The Young Child Risk Calculator (0-9)

http://www.nccp.org/tools/risk/

This interactive tool shows users how many children under age nine in each state are experiencing serious risks to their development. The tool allows users to select from five age groups: 0-3, 3-5, 6-8, 0-6, and 0-9, as well as three economic and seven other risk factors known to affect children's development. Information about the size and characteristics of a state's population of young, at-risk children can inform policy decisions about investments in new or expanded supports.

Being Black is Not A Risk Factor (0-9)

http://www.nbcdi.org/sites/default/files/resource-files/Being%20Black%20Is%20Not%20a%20Risk%20Factor_0.pdf
The National Black Child Development Institute's 2013 publication takes a strengths-based look at the state of the black
child in the United States. Each chapter examines a different topic and highlights both the assets of and the challenges faced
by black children and their families.

The Effect of Poverty on Child Development and Educational Outcomes (0-9)

http://digitalcommons.calpoly.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1002&context=psycd_fac

This paper examines: 1) the concepts of poverty and child development; 2) mechanisms through which poverty affects child development and educational outcomes, including family functioning and community processes; 3) programs and policies that have alleviated the negative effects of poverty on children's development and have promoted child development and education; and 4) recommendations to reduce the negative consequences of poverty and promote universal education.

Enhancing and Practicing Executive Function Skills with Children from Infancy to Adolescence (0-9) http://developingchild.harvard.edu/resources/tools_and_guides/enhancing_and_practicing_executive_function_skills_with_children/

Executive function and self-regulation skills provide critical supports for learning and development, and while we aren't born with these skills, we are born with the potential to develop them through interactions and practice. This 16-page guide describes a variety of activities and games that represent age-appropriate ways for adults to support and strengthen various components of executive function and self-regulation in children. Each chapter of this guide contains activities suitable for a different age group, from infants to teenagers.

Fine Motor Skills: A Key to Academic Success (5-9)

https://www.learningcaregroup.com/news/fine-motor-skills-a-key-to-academic-success/

So, what's the big deal about fine motor development? Well, recent research suggests that fine motor development at school entry is extremely important as it is highly predictive of children's academic success in reading and mathematics at the end of elementary school. Read all about it!

The Foundations for School Readiness: Fostering Developmental Competence in the Earliest Years (0-5) https://eclkc.ohs.acf.hhs.gov/school-readiness/foundations-school-readiness-fostering-developmental-competence-earliest-years/foundations-school-readiness-fostering-developmental

Research demonstrates the critical role early relationships play in fostering young children's social and emotional development and shaping their cognition. This paper offers insights on how to help children develop characteristics that are now proven to be predictors of later success in school, including confidence, curiosity, intentionality, self-control, relatedness, and the capacity to communicate and cooperate.

Help Your Child Build Fine Motor Skills (4-5)

https://families.naeyc.org/learning-and-development/child-development/help-your-child-build-fine-motor-skills
This article offers useful and practical ideas for how families can build fine motor strength and coordination through
participation in every day routines like setting the table.

Print Source

Audiovisual Sources

Growing, Moving and Being Healthy

Moving Bodies, Building Minds: Foster Preschoolers' Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Through Movement (3-5)

https://docplayer.net/13775419-Moving-bodies-building-minds.html

This article explains how critical thinking and problem-solving skills can be developed in preschoolers through movement. It also offers strategies for executing these movement activities and considerations for children with special needs and connecting with families.

Practical Strategies for Developing Fine Motor Skills (0-5)

http://connectability.ca/2011/03/21/practical-strategies-for-developing-fine-motor-skills/

This article has lots of great ideas for integrating fine motor development and fun into every day learning opportunities. Don't miss the fine motor development activity web at the end of the article.

Rocking and Rolling: Learning to Move (0-2)

https://www.naeyc.org/resources/pubs/yc/nov2016/learning-to-move

This article highlights new discoveries about how and why infants and toddlers develop motor skills and offers ideas for how to support that development.

Raising Young Children in a New Country: Supporting Early Learning and Healthy Development Handbook and Tip Sheets (0-9)

https://eclkc.ohs.acf.hhs.gov/culture-language/article/raising-young-children-new-country-early-learning-healthy-development

This handbook provides families with information on six themes: family well-being; health and safety; healthy brain development; early learning and school readiness; guidance and discipline; and family engagement in early care and education. Tip sheets correspond to the themes in the Handbook. They include conversation starters, cultural considerations, and additional resources for each theme. Programs serving refugee families, newly arrived immigrant families, and others may use this resource with parents to help ease their transition to a new country. Available in English, Arabic, and Spanish.

What is Happening to Fine Motor Development? (2-5)

http://www.communityplaythings.com/resources/articles/2016/fine-motor-skills

This article is a call to action for educators and parents to use time-tested play materials — blocks, play dough, stringing beads, and crayons — to prepare children for success in preschool and beyond.

When the Bough Breaks: The Effects of Homelessness on Young Children (0-9)

http://www.childtrends.org/?publications=when-the-bough-breaks-the-effects-of-homelessness-on-young-children

This article describes the negative impact of homelessness on young children and the importance of early childhood care and education for these children. It concludes with implications for policies and practices of early learning programs.

Baby Milestones: Motor Development (0-2)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G5wWVNYLBVk

Pediatrician Lisa Shulman shows the motor milestones expected in typically developing babies, from head control to walking and what pediatricians look for during a well-baby visit. She also explains the specific types of motor control a baby must master before the next milestone can be achieved.

BabyCenter (Videos on Pregnancy, Birth, Newborn, etc.) (0-9)

http://www.babycenter.com/video

This website contains video clips on various issues including pregnancy, labor and birth, as well as clips on development and care for babies to 'big kids.'

Brain Development (0-3)

http://main.zerotothree.org/site/PageServer?pagename=key brain

This ZERO TO THREE site offers a variety of audiovisual resources on the topic of early brain development.

Clips for Practicing Observation, Documentation and Assessment Skills (0-5)

http://www.cde.state.co.us/resultsmatter/RMVideoSeries_PracticingObservation

From the Colorado Department of Education, this website contains over 100 clips of young children suitable for use in sharpening observation and documentation of aspects of growth and development. Clips are available to view or download.

Diversity: Contrasting Perspectives (0-5)

http://www.learningseed.com/catalog/diversity-contrasting-perspectives

This video introduces diverse perspectives on various aspects of caregiving that impact health, safety and nutrition in the home and child care settings. It discusses cultural differences in caregiving practices ranging from feeding to toilet teaching.

Early Recognition of Child Development Problems (0-5)

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KrUNBfyjlBk&noredirect=1

Prepared by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, this video clip discusses the importance of early recognition and detection of problems in child development.

Family Style Meals in the Child Care Setting (0-5)

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nj_s89ydnBs&feature=player_embedded

This video clip offers suggestions for providing family style meals in the child care setting and making adaptations according to age, ability, and cultural dimensions.

Feeding Infants in Early Child Care Settings (0-3)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aWMuxB3eAHw (infants)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xD9eA3BS7Sk (toddlers)

This two-part module reflects content from the most recent version of Caring For Our Children. The slides and narrative focus on promoting breastfeeding, family style dining, and good nutrition for infants and toddlers in child care. Additional materials are available at http://www.adph.org/healthystart/index.asp?id=6504

Hand Washing and Basic Health Considerations (0-5)

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=clkHWPW54jQ

This video illustrates how child care providers can ensure that health and sanitation practices are carried out appropriately throughout the day and discusses specific health considerations for the quality assessment process in North Carolina.

The Healthy Child: Assembly Required (0-9)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fXf3CCyhLGU

Kate Gallagher's brilliant TED Talk discusses the assembly required in order to build physically, emotionally, cognitively, and socially healthy children.

Henry Gets Around (3-5)

https://www.cde.state.co.us/sites/default/files/video/resultsmatter/HenryGetsAround.mp4

This clip shows how a child with physical disabilities participates in all the activities inside and outside the classroom. He walks, runs, climbs and jumps while being supported by his ankle-foot orthosis and sometimes gets around by using a wheelchair.

How Childhood Trauma Affects Health Across a Lifetime (0-9)

$http://www.ted.com/talks/nadine_burke_harris_how_childhood_trauma_affects_health_across_a_lifetime$

Pediatrician Nadine Burke Harris explains in this TED Talk that the repeated stress of abuse, neglect and parents struggling with mental health or substance abuse issues has real, tangible effects on the development of the brain.

In Brief: Executive Function: Skills for Life and Learning (0-9)

http://developingchild.harvard.edu/resources/multimedia/videos/inbrief_series/inbrief_executive_function/

This webpage contains a video clip explaining the development of executive functioning and self-regulation in young children as well as its implications for policy. A PDF of this brief is included as well as links to related resources.

In Brief: The Science of Early Childhood Development (0-9)

http://developingchild.harvard.edu/resources/multimedia/videos/inbrief series/inbrief science of ecd/

Based on neuroscience and behavioral research, this short video clip presents basic principles of early childhood development and discusses outcomes in adulthood as well as implications for policy. A PDF version of the brief is included.

In Brief: The Science of Neglect: The Persistent Absence of Responsive Care Disrupts the Developing Brain

(0-9) http://developingchild.harvard.edu/resources/multimedia/videos/inbrief_series/inbrief_neglect/

This video explains why significant deprivation is so harmful in the earliest years of life and why effective interventions are likely to pay significant dividends in better long-term outcomes in learning, health, and parenting of the next generation.

Infant Nutrition in the Child Care Setting (0-3)

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=55P4L3JIrJo

This video clip offers suggestions on infant nutrition in positive feeding environments in child care settings that align with that of the home environment and that are appropriate to their development.

Infant-Toddler Development, Screening and Assessment (0-3)

http://www.zerotothree.org/public-policy/state-community-policy/nitcci/multidisciplinary-consultant-module-2.pdf
This module contains an overview of infant/toddler development and caregiver involvement, describes the observation,
screening and ongoing assessment process, and discusses the red flags and referrals. Each section is accompanied by

worksheets or activities.

Intervention IDEAs for Children Impacted by Opioids (0-9)

https://www.osepideasthatwork.org/sites/default/files/IDEAslIssBrief-Opioids-508.pdf

Every 25 minutes, an infant is born suffering from opioid withdrawal. This December 2016 topical brief discusses the environmental risk factors that contribute to the rising epidemic of opioid exposure to children. The brief also describes symptoms of exposure and provides an extensive list of interventions and resources.

Little Kids, Big Questions (0-3)

http://www.zerotothree.org/about-us/funded-projects/parenting-resources/podcast/

This series of 12 podcasts discusses issues that parents of infants and toddlers typically face. In each podcast, an expert explains how to apply research to practice in parents' interactions with their young child. Podcasts and transcripts are available in English and Spanish. Links to additional resources are also available for each podcast.

Making Health Easier: Healthy Changes Start in Preschool (3-5)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JhoTY0FrG3c

This video shows how a preschool teacher, Claudia Mendoza, makes a difference on child obesity in her classroom by teaching her young students about healthy food and physical activity. Additional resources are provided on the web page.

Milestones Photo and Video Library (0-5)

https://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/actearly/milestones/milestones-in-action.html (English)

https://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/spanish/actearly/milestones/milestones-in-action.html (Spanish)

This free library of photos and videos shows developmental milestones from birth through age five.

12 Principles of Child Development and Learning That Inform Practice (0-8)

http://www.naeyc.org/dap/12-principles-of-child-development

This site outlines the 12 principles of child development and learning in Developmentally Appropriate Practice from NAEYC.

Birth to 5: Watch Me Thrive! https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ecd/child-health-development/watch-me-thrive (0-5)

This initiative is a coordinated federal effort to encourage healthy child development, universal developmental and behavioral screening for children, and support for the families and providers who care for them. The website consolidates free, publicly available materials from a wide array of Federal agencies and non-Federal partners, while offering new resources (including a compendium of research-based developmental screening tools) appropriate for use with children under the age of 5 across a wide range of settings.

Brain Development http://main.zerotothree.org/site/PageServer?pagename=key_brain (0-3)

This website from ZERO TO THREE provides a variety of resources on brain development with topics such as nurturing healthy development and fostering skills for success in school.

Child Development http://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/childdevelopment/index.html (1-9)

This website contains various resources on child development such as information on developmental milestones and screening, parenting tips, research findings, data and statistics. Free materials and multimedia resources are also available.

Child Development (1-9)

http://www.pbs.org/parents/child-development/

This website from PBS Parents provides a child development tracker that presents the stages of growth in various domains of children from age 1 to 9. These domains include approaches to learning, creative arts, language, literacy, mathematics, physical health, science, and social and emotional growth.

Child Development Fact Sheets (0-8)

http://www.apa.org/act/resources/fact-sheets/

This website provides useful factsheets for families and other caregivers regarding the signs of development and ways to support various stages of development from birth to eight years.

Connections Between Movement and Learning (3-9)

http://ww2.kged.org/mindshift/2015/03/26/why-kids-need-to-move-touch-and-experience-to-learn/

When children use their bodies in the learning process, it can have a big effect, even if it seems silly or unconnected to the learning goal at hand. For example, this resource shares how researchers have found that when students use their bodies while doing mathematical storytelling, it changes the way they think about math.

Culture Help Shape When Babies Learn to Walk

https://www.sciencenews.org/article/culture-helps-shape-when-babies-learn-walk

This article explores evidence for the differing rates at which infants in different cultural contexts achieve motor milestones. Citing research in several very different cultural contexts, the author makes the case for the narrowness of Western models when considering motor milestones for children from other cultures.

Fostering Healthy Social and Emotional Development in Young Children Toolkit (0-5)

https://www2.ed.gov/about/inits/ed/earlylearning/talk-read-

sing/index.html?utm_content=&utm_medium=email&utm_name=&utm_source=govdelivery&utm_term

Scroll down at this website to discover all of the resources in this toolkit, which feature examples of simple actions to take, some of which caregivers might be doing already, such as maintaining consistent routines for young children. This set of resources on healthy social and emotional development includes:

- A tip sheet for parents and families of infants, toddlers, and preschoolers
- A <u>tip sheet</u> for infant, toddler, and preschool providers and educators
- A <u>milestones chart</u> with key information on social and emotional development from birth to age 5
- A fact sheet on the research behind social and emotional development in early childhood and lifelong outcomes

Get Active: Be Healthy Afterschool Toolkit (3-9)

http://afterschoolalliance.org/documents/QuakerGetActiveToolKit.pdf

This guide provides creative, easy-to-implement ideas for incorporating health and wellness into afterschool programs, including lesson plans, activities and games.

Good Food, Great Kids Case Studies (0-6)

https://www.pfcsocialimpact.org/focus-on-food

Good nutrition and good educational outcomes for young children are inextricably linked. Yet, there is little consistency in terms of the quality of the food that is offered in early care settings. These six case studies provide examples of how communities are bringing farm fresh food to children's growing minds and bodies. Learn from them, and discuss them with others to inspire new and creative approaches. A companion policy research report is available at

http://media.wix.com/ugd/968e52_42ac5c9fa50f43e4ac0523988b11ffc9.pdf

In Brief: The Impact of Early Adversity on Children's Development (0-9)

http://developingchild.harvard.edu/index.php/resources/multimedia/videos/inbrief_series/inbrief_impact_of_adversity/
This webpage contains a video clip explaining the impact of stress and adversity on the development of the brain and the body's stress response system. A PDF version of the brief is included.

Learn the Signs. Act Early (0-5)

http://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/actearly/

This website from the Centers for Disease Control offers a variety of resources on development.

- Developmental Checklists https://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/actearly/freematerials.html (in multiple languages)
- Free Tools and Materials https://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/actearly/freematerials.html
- Milestone Tracker App Learn how to access and use a free app to track milestones in how a child plays, learns, speaks, acts and moves. The site also has guidance on how to act on concerns.
 https://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/actearly/milestones-app.html

Milestones: Understanding Your Child's Social and Emotional Development from (0-5)

https://www2.ed.gov/about/inits/ed/earlylearning/talk-read-sing/feelings-milestones.pdf (English)

https://www2.ed.gov/about/inits/ed/earlylearning/talk-read-sing/hhs-sed-comprender-el-desarrollo-social-y-emocional-de-su-nino-espanol.pdf (Spanish)

This formatted handout provides an overview of social-emotional development milestones for young children.

Perceptual, Motor, and Physical Development Resources (0-5)

https://eclkc.ohs.acf.hhs.gov/school-readiness/effective-practice-guides/perceptual-motor-physical-development

This website offers teaching practices, ideas for individualizing, videos, and more in four areas of this topic: Specific strategies are offered for infants/toddlers and for preschoolers under each heading.

Safe-Sleeping Guide for Parents and Childcare Providers (0-2)

https://www.tuck.com/safe-sleeping/

Creating a safe infant sleep environment is important for promoting healthy infant development, reducing the risk of Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS), and ensuring quality sleep for both family members and the infant. This July 2017 resource provides an overview of SIDS, reviews the greatest risk factors, and shares guidelines on creating a safe roomsharing or co-sleeping environment that best protects against SIDS.

Vision Resources (0-9) http://nationalcenter.preventblindness.org/resources-2

This site has a variety of resources to download for families and professionals related to vision development, screening, problems, and more. Resources are also available in Spanish.

Watch Me! Celebrating Milestones and Sharing Concerns (0-5)

https://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/watchmetraining/index.html

This free, online training is designed to prepare early childhood providers with tools and best practices for monitoring the development of children and talking about it with their families.

What Is Big Body Play and Why Is It Important? (0-8)

http://families.naeyc.org/learning-and-development/child-development/what-big-body-play-and-why-it-important Here's a great short article on big, boisterous play, why it's important, and why it can make adults anxious.

What Is Early Childhood Development? A Guide to the Science

https://developingchild.harvard.edu/guide/what-is-early-childhood-development-a-guide-to-the-science/?utm_source=newsletter&utm_medium=email&utm_campaign=march_2019

Healthy development in the early years of life provides the building blocks for lifelong health, educational achievement, and responsible adulthood. What can we do during this incredibly important period to ensure that children have a strong foundation for future development? This multi-part guide explains the science of how children develop in their earliest years. Using videos, research briefs, infographics, games, and other tools, this set of materials is organized in sections to respond to three questions: 1) Why is early childhood important? 2) How does early childhood development happen? And 3) What can we do to support child development?

The Whole Child Development Guide: Early School Years (4-8)

http://cache.lego.com/upload/contentTemplating/ParentsChildDevelopment/otherfiles/2057/uploadDF1454F4-DED5-4B71-AAF2-05557D80CA04.pdf

This document begins with an overview of the physical and cognitive development of young children aged 4 to 8 years in connection to the various developmental theories, and how their development can be supported. This is followed by more in-depth descriptions by age.

Women and Children's Health Network Web Pages on Child Development (0-9)

http://www.cyh.com/HealthTopics/HealthTopicDetails.aspx?p=114&np=122&id=1963

The Woman and Children's Health Network provides information categorized according to the various stages of child development from birth through adolescence. Within each category, milestones of specific domains of development are presented as well as useful suggestions and advice for parents.

ZERO TO THREE Behavior and Development (0-3) http://www.zerotothree.org/child-development/

This webpage contains a list of links to key early childhood behavior and development topics which contain various resources such as podcasts, tips, FAQs, articles and handouts.